







WEEKLY INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE REPORT October 25 - October 31, 2015 (MMWR Week 43)

Highlights

Flu activity is 'low' for 4th straight week. The flu rating scale is here: https://ccbh-new.squarespace.com/flu-weekly-reports/?rq=flu
Pneumonia-related deaths accounted for 2.8% of all deaths. No flu related deaths occurred this week.

No confirmed cases of flu associated hospitalization were reported this week.

2.4% of emergency room visits were due to flu like illness this week.

Local Flu Activity Dashboard (All data are preliminary and may change as updated information are received.)

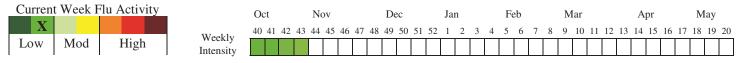


Table 1. Cuyahoga County Influenza Data Dashboard

Influenza (Flu) Indicator	Current Activity Level	Activity Compared to Last Week	#Weeks ¹²³⁴	2015-2016 Season Total/Trend
Percent of pneumonia deaths & number of flu related deaths - [Fig 1]	Pneumonia: 2.8%	(24.3%)	▼2	Trend data will begin in week 45.
	Flu: 0 deaths	Stable	3	
Influenza like illness (ILI) doctor visits [Fig 2]	Cuyahoga: 0.69%	(46.5%)	▼ 1	Trend data will begin in week 45.
	athenahealth: 0.24%	50.0%	2	
Flu associated hospitalizations [Fig 3]	0	(1)	▼1	N=3. Trend data begin week 45.
School absenteeism due to ILLNESS ONLY – [Fig 4A]	Northeast: 1.8%	(5.3%)	O 3	Trend data will begin in week 45.
	Northwest: 2.2%	15.8%	●3	
	Southeast: N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Southwest: 1.9%	(34.5%)	▼ 1	
School absenteeism due to ALL CAUSES – [Fig 4B]	Northeast: 4.4%	(49.4%)	▼1	Trend data will begin in week 45.
	Northwest: 3.1%	34.8%	^2	
	Southeast: N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Southwest: 5.3%	15.2%	1	
Emergency room visit due to ILI [Fig 5]	2.4%	Stable	O 3	Trend data will begin week 45.
Sales of over-the-counter medications used to treat ILI. [Fig 6]	299	(3.5%)	•3	Trend data will begin week 45.
Congestion & cough complaints [Fig 8]	11.9%	6.2%	1	Trend data will begin week 45.
Vomiting & nausea complaints [Fig 9]	9.6%	2.1%	•3	Trend data will begin week 45.
Diarrhea complaints [Fig 10]	2.6%	13.0%	1	Trend data will begin week 45.

¹Due to small percentages, caution should be used while interpreting the 'Activity Compared to Last Week' box.

²For figures 1-2, 4-5 & 8-10, \triangleq = (Increase ≥ 20%), \blacktriangledown = (Decrease ≥ -20%), \bigcirc = Stable (-19.9% to +19.9%)

 $^{^{3}}$ For figure 6, ▲ = (Increase ≥ 10%), ▼ = (Decrease ≥ -10%), ● = Stable (-9.9% to +9.9%)

⁴For flu related deaths (Fig 1) & Fig 3, ▲ = (Increase # of deaths/cases), ▼ = (Decrease # of deaths/cases), ○ = Stable (Same # of deaths/cases)









WEEKLY INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE REPORT October 25 - October 31, 2015 (MMWR Week 43) Flu Summary

This report is intended to provide an overview of influenza related activity occurring in Cuyahoga County while providing some information on state activity that is one week behind the current week. It will be published on a weekly basis and can be found at the following website: http://www.ccbh.net/flu-weekly-reports/?rq=flu

Note: Data are provisional and subject to change. Updates will be included in future reports.

Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality

2.8% of all deaths reported to the Cleveland Bureau of Vital Statistics were due to pneumonia. Adults 75 years old and older accounted for 71.4% of all pneumonia related deaths. No influenza related deaths occurred this week (**Figure 1**).

Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Reports

Athenahealth reported that 0.24% of patients had flu-like symptoms this week. One sentinel provider reported 0.69% of patients had ILI symptoms this week and 1.29% of patients had flu like symptoms in week 42. (**Figure 2**). ILI is defined as a fever ($\geq 100^{\circ}$ F), and cough <u>and/or</u> sore throat.

Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations and Influenza-Associated Pediatric Mortality

No confirmed cases of influenza-associated hospitalization in Cuyahoga County were reported this week (**Figure 3**). Ten statewide confirmed influenza associated hospitalizations in week 42. No statewide pediatric flu related deaths has occurred so far this flu season.

School Absenteeism

Participating schools in Cuyahoga County reported the percentage (median = 1.9%) of absenteeism *due to any illness* on Tuesday (**Figure 4A**). **Figure 4B** shows the total absenteeism *due to any reason* (median = 4.3%).

Emergency Department (ED) visits and Over-the-Counter Medication Sales

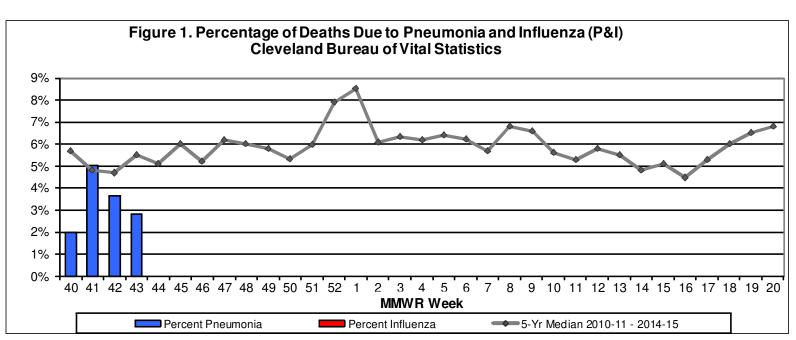
2.4% of all ED visits were for fever + ILI symptoms. Approximately 50 <u>more</u> patients visited EDs for fever and ILI symptoms this year compared to the 5-year median (**Figure 5**). **Figure 6** shows approximately 130 <u>more</u> OTC products per drugstore were purchased this year than the 5-year median for the same time period.

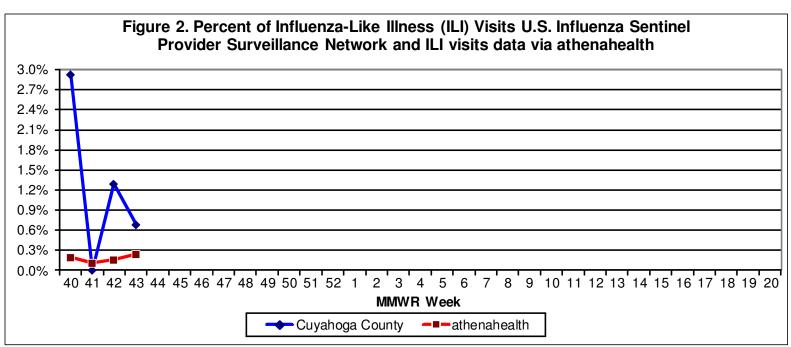
Three other maps show, by zip code, the frequency of ED visits for three symptoms that are common during the fall and winter seasons and are of interest to the general public: congestion and cough (**Figure 8**), vomiting and nausea (**Figure 9**), and diarrhea (**Figure 10**).

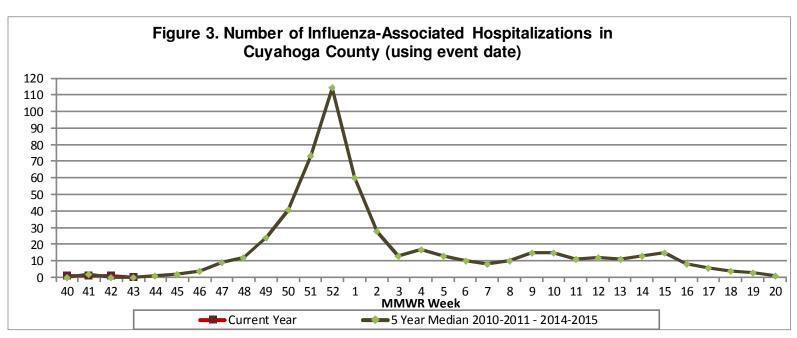
Descriptions of data sources used to complete the weekly influenza write-up can be found on the last page of this report.

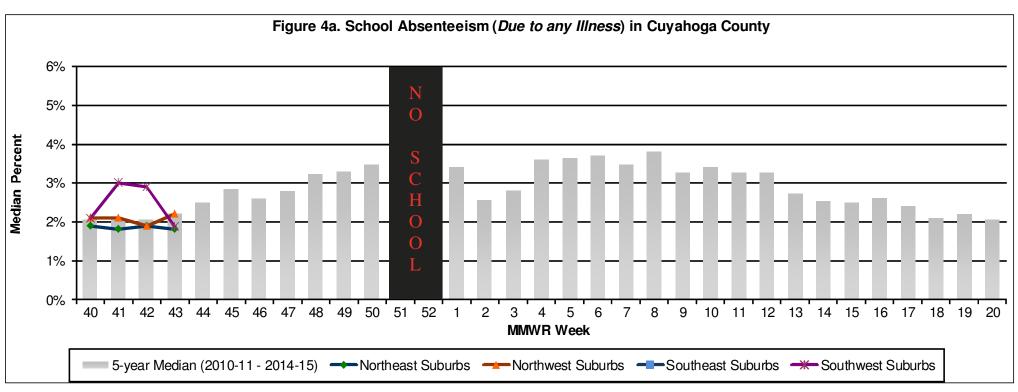
Additional Influenza Activity Links

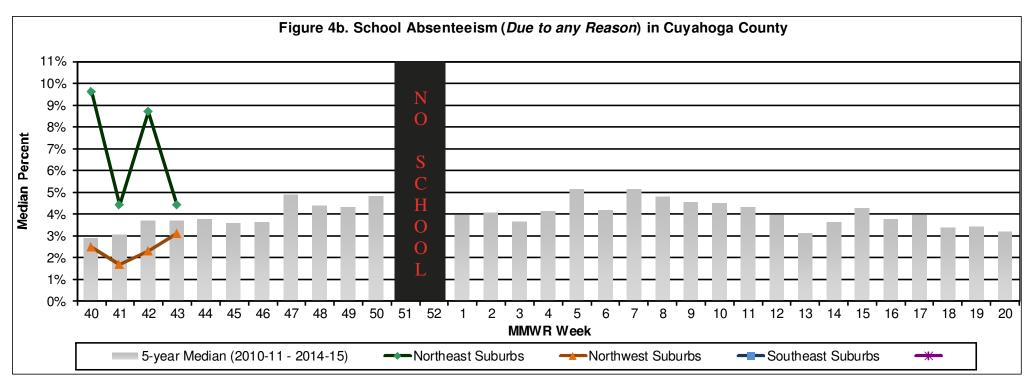
- Weekly U.S. Influenza Surveillance Report http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly
- Ohio Influenza Surveillance http://www.odh.ohio.gov/features/odhfeatures/seasflu/ohfluactivity.aspx

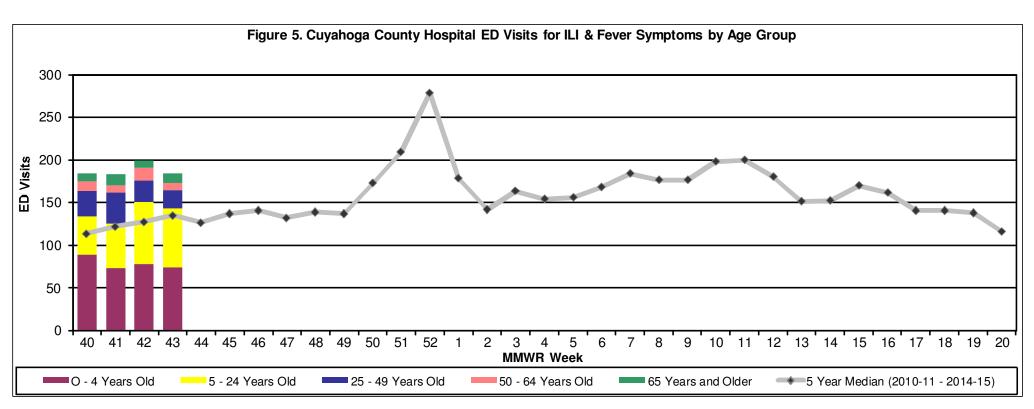


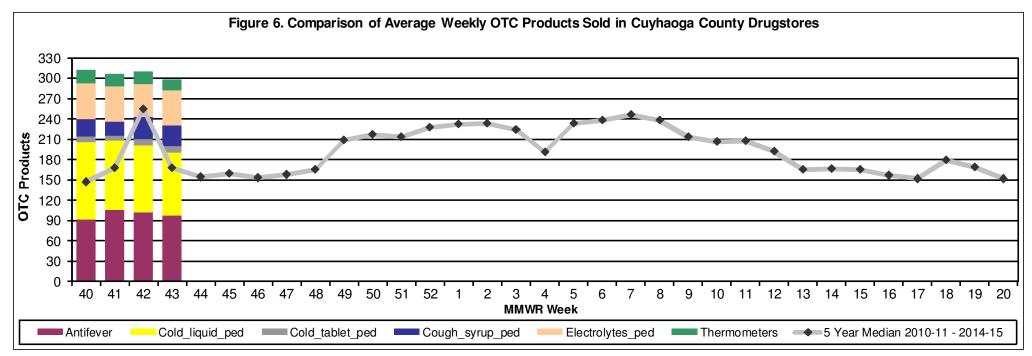


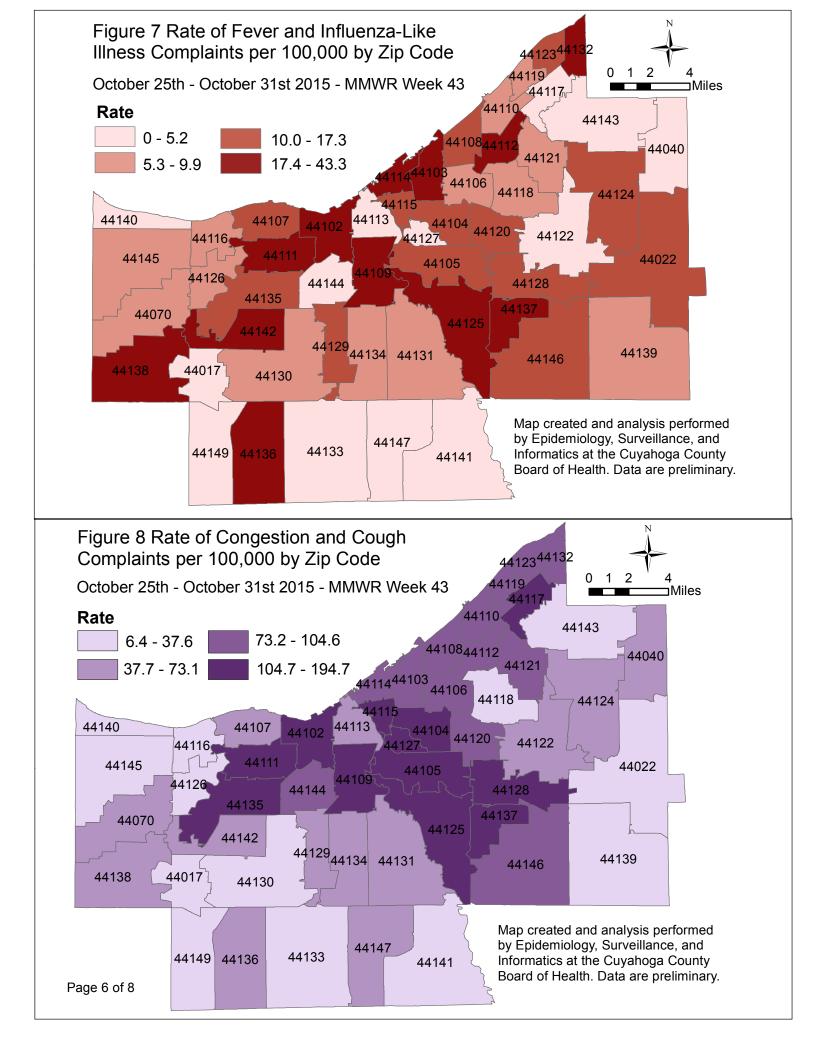


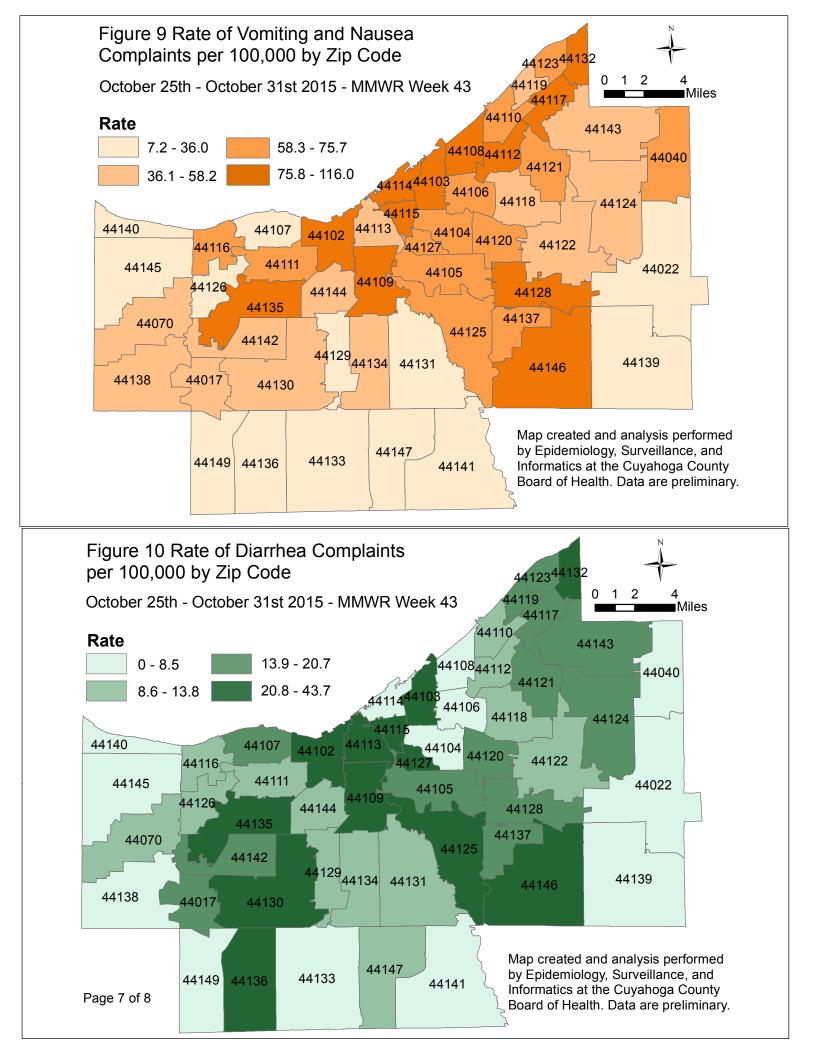












Sources of Influenza Surveillance Data

Six types of data sources are examined on a weekly basis to help determine the influenza activity level for Cuyahoga County:

- 1) Ohio Department of Health (ODH) Seasonal Influenza Activity Summary: The ODH influenza summary provides state-wide data. Data used from this report include: frequency of fever plus influenza-like illness (ILI) associated hospitalizations, number of influenza-associated pediatric mortalities, and number of lab-confirmed influenza cases.
 - A) **Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (ODRS):** Influenza-associated hospitalizations are reported by the Cuyahoga County Board of Health (CCBH) and hospitals using the Ohio Disease Reporting System (ODRS). Hospitalizations can be used as an indicator of the severity of illness during a particular influenza season. This condition became reportable in January 2009.
 - B) Influenza-associated Pediatric Mortality (ODRS): Influenza-associated pediatric mortalities are reported into ODRS by CCBH and hospital staff. Pediatric deaths can be an indicator of the severity of illness during the influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2005.
 - C) **Sentinel Providers (ILINet):** Sentinel providers, through the US Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet), collect outpatient influenza-like illness (ILI) data. ILI is defined as a fever (> 100 F), **and** cough *and/or* sore throat without another known cause. Providers report the total number of patients seen, by age group, on a weekly basis. Sentinel providers also submit specimens for influenza testing to the ODH laboratory throughout the influenza season. There are 3 sentinel providers enrolled in Cuyahoga County for the 2014-2015 season.
 - D) **ODH Laboratory Surveillance:** The Ohio Department of Health Laboratory reports the number of specimens that test positive for influenza each week. Generally, specimens are submitted by sentinel provider participants. A subset of the positive specimens is sent to CDC for further testing during the season.
- 2) Mortality Reporting System (Cleveland's Vital Statistics): Cleveland Vital Statistics office reports on deaths that occur in 55 of 59 municipalities in Cuyahoga County (excludes Lakewood, Bedford, Euclid, & Parma) regarding pneumonia & influenza.
- 3) **ILI data (athenahealth)** "ILI estimates are based on insurance claims diagnoses, documented in athenahealth's database. athenahealth is a healthcare technology and services company for electronic health records, medical billing, patient engagement, and care coordination."
- 4) School Absenteeism data (due to illness and due to any reason): More than 50 Cuyahoga County schools provide absenteeism data for each Tuesday on the number children absent due to any illness or due to any reason as well as sentinel schools that report week absenteeism data.
- 5) National Retail Data Monitor (NRDM)-OTC Drug Purchases: The NRDM collects over-the-counter (OTC) drug sales information from Cuyahoga County chain drug stores and grocery stores. Pediatric cold products, anti-fever products, and thermometer sales are monitored on a weekly basis.
- 6) **Emergency Department Visits** (**EpiCenter**): EpiCenter collects emergency department chief complaint data from hospitals and urgent care facilities across Cuyahoga County and classifies them into symptom and syndrome categories. Rates for chief complaints regarding fever + ILI and other symptoms commonly detected during the winter are analyzed.