Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report
November 30 - December 6, 2014 (MMWR Week 49)

Highlights

Local flu activity is ‘moderate’ for the 2nd straight week as last week data was updated. The local activity rating scale definition can be found at http://www.ccbh.net/storage/flu/Cuyahoga%20County%20Flu%20Activity%20Level%20Definitions%202011.06.14.pdf

51 confirmed cases of flu associated hospitalizations were reported this week and 52 reported cases for week 48.

Almost 350 emergency room visits due to flu like illness this week; 7th straight week total was above the 5-year median.

Percentage of doctor’s visits for flu like symptoms provided by athenahealth increased for 7th straight week.

Pneumonia related deaths accounted for 4.0% of all deaths. No flu related deaths so far this flu season.

Local Flu Activity Dashboard

(All data are preliminary and may change as updated information are received.)

Table 1. Cuyahoga County Influenza Data Dashboard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Influenza (Flu) Indicator</th>
<th>Current Activity Level</th>
<th>Activity Compared to Last Week</th>
<th># Weeks</th>
<th>2014-2015 Season Total/Trend</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percent of pneumonia deaths &amp; number of flu related deaths - Fig 1</td>
<td>Pneumonia: 4.0% Flu: 0 deaths</td>
<td>53.8% Stable</td>
<td>▲ 1</td>
<td>Trending slightly below 5 year median. No flu deaths.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza like illness (ILI) doctor visits - Fig 2</td>
<td>Cuyahoga: 2.86% Athenahealth: 1.03%</td>
<td>281.3% 1.0%</td>
<td>▲ 1</td>
<td>athenahealth ILI visits up since week 43.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flu associated hospitalizations - Fig 3</td>
<td>51 (1)</td>
<td>▼ 1</td>
<td>N=163; higher than 5 yr median</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School absenteeism due to ILLNESS ONLY – Fig 4A</td>
<td>Cleveland: N/A Northeast: 3.4% Northwest: 1.9% Southeast: 5.5% Southwest: 3.8%</td>
<td>N/A (49.3%) N/A (45.0%) (18.8%)</td>
<td>▼ 1</td>
<td>All locations trending below the 5 year median.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School absenteeism due to ALL CAUSES – Fig 4B</td>
<td>Northeast: 3.8% Northwest: 4.4% Southeast: N/A Southwest: N/A Sentinel: 4.5%</td>
<td>N/A (13.7%) N/A N/A (30.8%)</td>
<td>▲ 2</td>
<td>All locations trending below 5 year median.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency room visit due to ILI - Fig 5</td>
<td>4.9% Stable</td>
<td>▪ 1</td>
<td>Well above 5 year median.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales of over-the-counter medications used to treat ILLI - Fig 6</td>
<td>462</td>
<td>13.2% ▲ 3</td>
<td>Above 5 yr median. Avg ~ 340</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Congestion &amp; cough complaints - Fig 8</td>
<td>1240</td>
<td>35.0% ▲ 1</td>
<td>Near 3 yr median. Avg ~ 670</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vomiting &amp; nausea complaints - Fig 9</td>
<td>770</td>
<td>23.8% ▲ 1</td>
<td>Above 3 yr median. Avg ~ 580</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diarrhea complaints - Fig 10</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>34.1% ▲ 1</td>
<td>Above 3 yr median. Avg ~ 155</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Due to small percentages in figures 1-2, 4A, & 4B, caution should be used while interpreting the ‘Activity Compared to Last Week’ box.

For figures 1-2, 4A, & 4B, ▲ = (Increase ≥ 20%); ▼ = (Decrease ≥ 20%); ▪ = Stable (-19.9% to +19.9%)

For figures 5-6 & 8-10, ▲ = (Increase ≥ 10%); ▼ = (Decrease ≥ -10%); ▪ = Stable (-9.9% to +9.9%)
This report is intended to provide an overview of influenza related activity occurring in Cuyahoga County while providing some information on state activity that is one week behind the current week. It will be published on a weekly basis and can be found at the following website: http://www.ccbh.net/flu-weekly-surveillance-report/

Note: Data are provisional and subject to change. Updates will be included in future reports.

Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality
4.0% of all deaths reported to the Cleveland Bureau of Vital Statistics were due to pneumonia. Adults 75 years old and older accounted for 63.6% of the pneumonia related deaths. No influenza related deaths occurred this week (Figure 1).

Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Reports
Two ILI sentinel providers reported 2.86% of patients had ILI symptoms this week. Athenahealth reported that 1.04% of patients had flu-like symptoms this week and 1.03% for week 48 (Figure 2). ILI is defined as a fever (≥ 100°F), and cough and/or sore throat.

Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations and Influenza-Associated Pediatric Mortality
Fifty-one confirmed cases of influenza-associated hospitalization in Cuyahoga County were reported this week, 52 cases for week 48, and 38 cases for week 47 (Figure 3). Sixty-seven statewide confirmed influenza associated hospitalizations this week. No pediatric flu related deaths have occurred so far this season.

School Absenteeism
Participating schools in Cuyahoga County reported the percentage (median = 3.6%) of absenteeism due to any illness on Tuesday (Figure 4A). Figure 4B shows the total absenteeism due to any reason (median = 4.4%).

Emergency Department (ED) visits and Over-the-Counter Medication Sales
4.9% of all ED visits were for fever + ILI symptoms. Approximately 210 more patients visited EDs for fever and ILI symptoms this year compared to 2013 (Figure 5). Figure 6 shows approximately 250 more OTC products per drugstore were purchased this year than in the same period in 2013. Figure 7 shows the frequency of ED visits for fever and ILI by zip code.

Three other maps show, by zip code, the frequency of ED visits for three symptoms that are common during the fall and winter seasons and are of interest to the general public: congestion and cough (Figure 8), vomiting and nausea (Figure 9), and diarrhea (Figure 10).

Descriptions of data sources used to complete the weekly influenza write-up can be found on the last page of this report.

Additional Influenza Activity Links
- Google flu trends – http://www.google.org/flutrends

Flu Summary

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Figure 1. Percentage of Deaths Due to Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I)

Cleveland Bureau of Vital Statistics

Figure 2. Percent of Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Visits U.S. Influenza Sentinel Provider Surveillance Network and ILI visits data via athenahealth

Figure 3. Number of Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations in Cuyahoga County (using event date)
**Figure 4a. School Absenteeism (Due to any Illness) in Cuyahoga County**

- 4-year Median: Cleveland, Northeast Suburbs, Northwest Suburbs, Southeast Suburbs, Southwest Suburbs

**Figure 4b. School Absenteeism (Due to any Reason) in Cuyahoga County**

- 5-year Median (Sentinel Sites), Sentinel Sites, Northeast Suburbs, Northwest Suburbs, Southwest Suburbs
Figure 5. Cuyahoga County Hospital ED Visits for ILI & Fever Symptoms by Age Group

Figure 6. Comparison of Average Weekly OTC Products Sold in Cuyhaoga County Drugstores
Figure 9 Frequency of Vomiting and Nausea Complaints by Zip Code

Figure 10 Frequency of Diarrhea Complaints by Zip Code
Sources of Influenza Surveillance Data

Six types of data sources are examined on a weekly basis to help determine the influenza activity level for Cuyahoga County:

1) **Ohio Department of Health (ODH) Seasonal Influenza Activity Summary**: The ODH influenza summary provides state-wide data. Data used from this report include: frequency of fever plus influenza-like illness (ILI) associated hospitalizations, number of influenza-associated pediatric mortalities, and number of lab-confirmed influenza cases.

   A) **Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (ODRS)**: Influenza-associated hospitalizations are reported by the Cuyahoga County Board of Health (CCBH) and hospitals using the Ohio Disease Reporting System (ODRS). Hospitalizations can be used as an indicator of the severity of illness during a particular influenza season. This condition became reportable in January 2009.

   B) **Influenza-associated Pediatric Mortality (ODRS)**: Influenza-associated pediatric mortalities are reported into ODRS by CCBH and hospital staff. Pediatric deaths can be an indicator of the severity of illness during the influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2005.

   C) **Sentinel Providers (ILINet)**: Sentinel providers, through the US Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet), collect outpatient influenza-like illness (ILI) data. ILI is defined as a fever (> 100 F), and cough and/or sore throat without another known cause. Providers report the total number of patients seen, by age group, on a weekly basis. Sentinel providers also submit specimens for influenza testing to the ODH laboratory throughout the influenza season. There are 3 sentinel providers enrolled in Cuyahoga County for the 2014-2015 season.

   D) **ODH Laboratory Surveillance**: The Ohio Department of Health Laboratory reports the number of specimens that test positive for influenza each week. Generally, specimens are submitted by sentinel provider participants. A subset of the positive specimens is sent to CDC for further testing during the season.

2) **Mortality Reporting System (Cleveland’s Vital Statistics)**: Cleveland Vital Statistics office reports on deaths that occur in 55 of 59 municipalities in Cuyahoga County (excludes Lakewood, Bedford, Euclid, & Parma) regarding pneumonia & influenza.

3) **ILI data (athenahealth)** "ILI estimates are based on insurance claims diagnoses, documented in athenahealth's database. athenahealth is a healthcare technology and services company for electronic health records, medical billing, patient engagement, and care coordination."

4) **School Absenteeism data (due to illness and due to any reason)**: More than 50 Cuyahoga County schools provide absenteeism data for each Tuesday on the number children absent due to any illness or due to any reason as well as sentinel schools that report week absenteeism data.

5) **National Retail Data Monitor (NRDM)-OTC Drug Purchases**: The NRDM collects over-the-counter (OTC) drug sales information from Cuyahoga County chain drug stores and grocery stores. Pediatric cold products, antifever products, and thermometer sales are monitored on a weekly basis.

6) **Emergency Department Visits (EpiCenter)**: EpiCenter collects emergency department chief complaint data from hospitals and urgent care facilities across Cuyahoga County and classifies them into symptom and syndrome categories. Chief complaints regarding fever + ILI symptoms are analyzed.