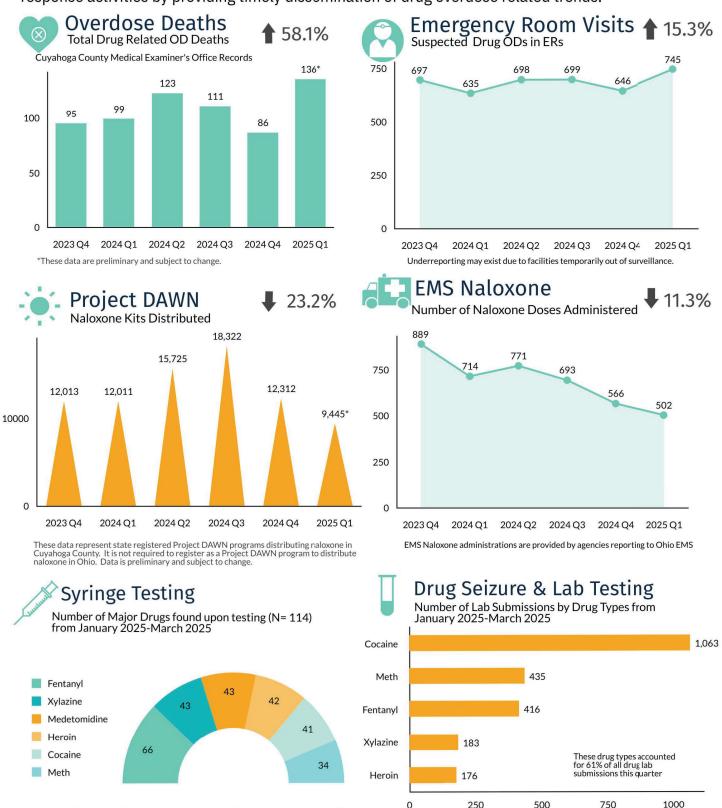
Overdose Data to Action Cuyahoga County, Ohio



Overdose data surveillance is intended to generate insight to drive more effective prevention and response activities by providing timely dissemination of drug overdose related trends.



Cuyahoga County Medical Examiner's Office Reporting. Figure shows top 5 drug

types present in drug seizures and lab testing.

Results from pilot drug checking program. Syringes are collected from The Centers and The Metro-Health System's Syringe Service Programs (SSP). A sample may test positive for one or more substances. Figure shows top 5 drug types present in collected syringes.





The overdose alert periods are a combination of non-fatal overdose anomaly (spike) detections reported by the Cuyahoga County Board of Health, also known as EpiCenter Alerts, and fatal overdose public health alerts issued by the Cuyahoga County Medical Examiner's Office, shown on a timeline.



Cuyahoga County's Pilot Drug Checking Program



Through collaboration under CCBH OD2A:LOCAL funding, used syringes collected by The Centers and The Metro Health System's Syringe Service Programs (SSP) are being drug tested at the Cuyahoga County Medical Examiner's Office (CCMEO). The aim of this program is to understand the drug supply and drug use patterns in Cuyahoga County, beyond fatal overdose. Case Begun Center serves as the evaluation partner.

The program randomly selects 20 syringes per week for testing, of approximately 15,000 collected at seven local SSP, with participant permission. The SSP do accept client requests for syringe testing as well. The results of the testing are shared back to individuals who submitted syringes, the SSP sites, and publicly via a new dashboard on the CCMEO website here:

https://app.powerbigov.us/view? r=ey|r|joiYThiYmRiMTAtMWVhNS00Njc2LTg2NWQtNTc1Y2U0OW U0N2NhliwidCl6ljYxYjJiMjcwLTJjY2EtNGRkYy04YTBhLTNkNmRmM iQ2MjdlMyJ9

The findings may not be representative of the overall drug supply in Cuyahoga County but are informative of trends and emerging substances. Since August 2024, 350 syringes have been tested. Fentanyl (including fentanyl analogs) was the most common *drug* tested in syringes followed by xylazine and cocaine. This program also tests for active adulterants which are not intended substances of use, but do have synergetic effects on the body, and inactive adulterants which are not intended substances of use, and have minimal effects on the body. Beginning September 2025 the program will start to test pipes in addition to syringes.



Increases or decreases are from Q4 2024 to Q1 2025 unless otherwise stated. Data are preliminary and subject to change.

Quarter over Quarter:

Overall, fatal overdoses increased by 58.1% over the last quarter. The number of persons presenting to emergency departments for suspected drug overdose increased by 15.3%.

Opioid prescribing (not shown) decreased by 3.3% this quarter.³ There was a 23.2% decrease in the number of Project DAWN naloxone kits distributed in quarter 1 of 2025.⁴ EMS naloxone administrations decreased by 11.3%.⁵

From January to March 2025, 114 syringes were tested to identify what major drugs were present. Fentanyl (66) was the most prevalent, followed by xylazine (43), medetomidine (43), heroin (42), cocaine (41), and methamphetamine (34).

From January to March 2025, cocaine ranked highest in the number of lab submissions (1,063) to the Cuyahoga County Regional Forensics Science Lab (CCRFSL), followed by methamphetamine (435). Lab submissions of cocaine increased by 188%, fentanyl increased by 213%, methamphetamine increased by 177%, and xylazine increased by 186% from last quarter. Heroin decreased by 245%.

Statement from CCMEO:

The CCMEO has ruled all drug overdose deaths from 2024. Cuyahoga County suffered 419 overdose deaths, a 34% decrease from 2023. This is a welcomed decrease from years past, however numbers still remain high. There has been a notable increase in cocaineinvolved overdose in 2025 thus far. This trend is being closely monitored as stimulant waves often follow periods of high opioid overdose.

> Cuyahoga County Board of Health https://www.ccbh.net/overdose-data-dashboard/

This product is supported by Overdose Data to Action: LOCAL funding from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Data Sources and Notes:

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 1 Cuyahoga County Medical Examiner's Office Updates at https://www.cuyahogacounty.gov/medical-examiner/resources/overdose-statistics

 2 Emergency Department Visits for Suspected Drug Overdose Among Cuyahoga County Residents. EpiCenter. Ohio Department of Health. Data used for this report is accessed by the Cuyahoga County Board of Health. Similar data is available to the public at https://odh.ohio.gov/know-our-programs/violence-injury-prevention-program/Suspected-OD-Dashboard2

 3 Ohio Automated Rx Reporting System. Ohio Board of Pharmacy. Available https://www.ohiopmp.gov/County.aspx

 4 Ohio Department of Health, Violence and Injury Prevention Section Project DAWN Monthly Distribution Logs. Analyzed by Cuyahoga County Board of Health.

 5 Ohio EMS. Naloxone Administration Doses, by County. "Naloxone Watch" Available https://www.ems.ohio.gov/#gsc.tab=0